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State Environment Impact Assessment Authority
West Bengal
Minutes of SEIAA Meeting
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Subject: **2nd meeting of SEIAA (Reconstituted on 17.05.2023)**
Venue:- **Conference Room of Environment Department, Prani Sampad Bhavan, 5th Floor, LB Block, Sector III, Salt Lake, Kolkata 700106**
From :- **08 June 2023**
To :- **08 June 2023**

(1) Proposed Residential Complex “DTC Capital City” at Rajarhat, Dag No.- 875, 4291, 4293, 4294, 4295, 4327, 4295/5210, 4292/5211, P.O-Kamduni, Mouza- Matiagaccha, P.O.- Barasat -2, J.L. No.-187,188, P.S.- Rajarhat, Under Kirtipur-2 Gram Panchayat, Dist- North 24 Parganas, West Bengal by M/s. DTC Projects Pvt. Ltd.

Proposal no: **SIA/WB/INFRA2/413217/2023, File no: EN/T-II-1/006/2023 Type: EC**

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/INFRA2/413217/2023** dated **07 January 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **8(a) Building / Construction** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended the proposed project for Environmental Clearance during its 71st meeting held on 22.03.2023 with the additional condition that conocarpus lancifolius should be replaced with Tabebuia rosea, Spathodea campanulata etc. during plantation.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. DTC Projects Pvt. Ltd.** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	North 24 Parganas

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and accepted the same considering the NOC dated 30.12.2022 of the Kirtipur II Panchayat regarding the management of solid waste, drainage and disposal thereof scientifically.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The application for EC is approved based on the building sanction letter vide No. 42 dated 06.09.2022 issued by the Additional Executive Officer, North 24 Parganas Zilla Parishad.

CONCLUSION

Approved for EC.

Conditions

I. Statutory compliance:

- i. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including

town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.

- ii. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- iii. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- vi. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi. The project proponent should strictly comply with the guidelines for High Rise Buildings, issued by MoEF, GoI vide No. 21-270/2008-IA.III dated 07.02.2012.
- xii. The project proponent shall comply with the EMP as proposed in terms of Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel is mandatory. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.
- v. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meters height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murrum and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi. Sand, murrum, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- vii. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- viii. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- ix. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces

outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.

- x. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xi. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The natural drainage system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- ii. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iii. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- iv. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) along with State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) and West Bengal Pollution Control Board (WBPCB) along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- v. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supply of recycled water and other for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. and for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc. shall to be done.
- viii. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc.) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- ix. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- x. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
- xii. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xiii. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xiv. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xv. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the State Water Investigation Directorate (SWID) in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the SWID for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xvi. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-

used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening.

- xvii. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- xviii. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by MoEF&CC. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xix. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xx. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

- i. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- ii. Noise level survey shall be carried out as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Office of the MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures

- i. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

VI. Waste Management

- i. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be

done with the authorized recyclers.

- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- x. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
- xi. **Construction and demolition activities should be equipped with adequate dust emission measures including installation of anti-smog guns.**

VII. Water Body Conservation:-

- i. Existing water body (if any) should not be lined and their embankments should not be cemented. The water body is to be kept in natural conditions without disturbing the ecological habitat.

VIII. Green Cover

- i. The unit should strictly abide by The West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas) Act, 2006 and subsequent rules. The proponent should undertake plantation of trees over at least 20% of the total area.
- ii. No tree can be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- iii. The proponent should plant at least **567** nos. trees. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The project proponent should follow plantation plan approved by DFO, 24-Parganas (North) Division vide Memo no. 2481/17-T-9 dated 17.11.2022.
- iv. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned Local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- v. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

IX. Transport

- i. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and to be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased

habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

X. Human health issues

- i. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Environment Management Plan (EMP)

- i. The project proponent should submit the proposed EMP on a six monthly basis. The Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020 should be strictly followed.
- ii. Need based activities for local people is part of the EMP. Details of such activities are submitted by the Project Proponent.
- iii. The project proponent shall install display board for display of all the environmental parameters including sensor-based air, water and noise quality monitoring stations within their premises.
- iv. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms /conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements /deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB as a part of six-monthly report.
- v. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of Senior Executive, who will directly report to the head of the organization.
- vi. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose.
- vii. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB along with the Six-Monthly Compliance Report.

XII. Additional conditions

- a) conocarpus lancifolius should be replaced with Tabebuia rosea, Spathodea campanulata etc. during plantation.

XIII. Miscellaneous

- i. The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 10 years for the proposed project.
- ii. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.

- iv. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- v. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal with a copy to SEIAA and WBPCB.
- vi. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vii. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office of the MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- viii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- ix. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report and also that during their presentation to the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC).
- x. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the SEIAA.
- xi. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xii. The SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiii. The SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xiv. The Regional Office of the MoEF&CC/SEIAA/WBPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) of the Regional Office of MoEF&CC / SEIAA/WBPCB by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xv. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xvi. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

(2) Proposed expansion of Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital at Premises No. 8/5, Alipore Road, P.O. & P.S. – Alipore, under Ward No. – 74 & Borough - IX of Kolkata Municipal Corporation (K.M.C.), Kolkata – 700027, West Bengal by **M/s. Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital Limited.**

Proposal no: **SIA/WB/INFRA2/402657/2022**, File no: **EN/T-II-1/054/2022** Type: **EC**

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/INFRA2/402657/2022** dated **10 Oct 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **8(a) Building / Construction** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended the proposed project for Environmental Clearance during its 60th meeting held on 28.12.2022.

The project proponent (PP) was required to appear for a hearing before SEIAA on 27.04.2023. The PP informed of their

inability to appear for the hearing on the specified date and time vide their letter no. nil dated 26.04.2023 and further requested for an alternate date for the hearing. Since the term of the present SEIAA, West Bengal is expiring on 28.04.2023, there is no scope to give an alternate date for hearing by the present SEIAA. It is therefore, proposed that once the next SEIAA, WB is constituted and notified, the same may consider the matter to provide an alternate date for the hearing with prior intimation to the PP.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s Woodlands Multispeciality Hospital Limited** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Kolkata

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

The PP appeared for a hearing and gave a presentation to SEIAA. It was mentioned that since they have only plantation area of 4% within the project area, they will do off-site compensatory plantation at Prem. No. 14, Diamond Harbour Road, Kolkata, which is known as Woodlands Nursing College, Bhasa, Dist. – South 24 PGS., as per plantation plan approved by the DFO. However, as per rule no. 7(i) of West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Rules 2007, ‘the developer shall undertake plantation of trees over at least 20% of the total area in the same plot or plots of land’. The PP stressed that they have obtained plantation plan approved by DFO, who is the competent authority to approve the plan for compulsory plantation as per the West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Act 2006 and the West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Rules 2007.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

As per rule no. 7(i) of West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Rules 2007, ‘the developer shall undertake plantation of trees over at least 20% of the total area in the same plot or plots’ of land as subject to such development in accordance with the plantation plan approved by the competent authority under sub-section 4 of section 9. In the present case DFO has approved plan which consists of only 4% of tree plantation in project area and the rest compensatory plantation at their Nursing College at Bhasa, Dist. – South 24 PGS.

As the Forest Department is the custodian of the said Act and Rules, SEIAA decided to refer the matter to the Forest Department for clarification as stated below :

In cases where PP does not have 20% tree plantation within the project area, it is requested to clarify if the compensatory plantation outside the project area (with the approval of the competent authority) is allowed as per the provisions of the West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Act 2006 and the West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas), Rules 2007.

SEIAA also requested the PP to seek and submit a legal opinion as per the provisions of the above-mentioned Acts and Rules.

CONCLUSION

Deferred for additional information.

(3) Proposed Residential Complex at Holding No. - 184/N, C/W No. - C/20, L.R. Khatian No. - 7456, J.L. No. - 119, Sebak Dag No. - 1294, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1320, Hal Dag no.- 1334, 1333, 1332, (1329, 1330, 1331), 1318, 1317, 1328, Mouza - Bhiringi, G.T. Road, Durgapur - 713213, P.S.- Durgapur (Faridpur), District- Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal by **M/s. Sukhsagar Hirise Private Limited.**

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/INFRA2/407596/2022** dated **26 December 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **8(a) Building / Construction** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended the proposed project for Environmental Clearance during its 71st meeting held on 22.03.2023.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. Sukhsagar Hirise Private Limited** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Bardhaman

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and accepted the same.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The application for EC is approved based on the Building Permit vide Memo No. BP/CB/421/20 dated 20.01.2022 issued by the Durgapur Municipal Corporation.

CONCLUSION

Approved for EC.

Conditions

I. Statutory compliance:

- i. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- ii. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.
- iii. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- vi. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.

- ix. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi. The project proponent should strictly comply with the guidelines for High Rise Buildings, issued by MoEF, GoI vide No. 21-270/2008-IA.III dated 07.02.2012.
- xii. The project proponent shall comply with the EMP as proposed in terms of Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel is mandatory. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.
- v. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meters height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murrum and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi. Sand, murrum, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- vii. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- viii. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- ix. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- x. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xi. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The natural drainage system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- ii. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iii. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- iv. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) along with State Level Environment

Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) and West Bengal Pollution Control Board (WBPCB) along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

- v. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supply of recycled water and other for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. and for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc. shall be done.
- viii. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc.) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- ix. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- x. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
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- xiii. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
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- xvi. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- xvii. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by MoEF&CC. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xviii. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xix. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

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- ii. Noise level survey shall be carried out as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Office of the MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be

implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures

- i. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
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- vi. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

VI. Waste Management

- i. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- x. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
- xi. **Construction and demolition activities should be equipped with adequate dust emission measures including installation of anti-smog guns.**

VII. Water Body Conservation:-

- i. Existing water body (if any) should not be lined and their embankments should not be cemented. The water body is to be kept in natural conditions without disturbing the ecological habitat.

VIII. Green Cover

- i. The unit should strictly abide by The West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas) Act, 2006 and subsequent rules. The proponent should undertake plantation of trees over at least 20% of the total area.
- ii. No tree can be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be

with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).

- iii. The proponent should plant at least **183** nos. trees. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The project proponent should follow plantation plan approved by DFO, Durgapur Division vide Clearance No. 29/CC/D/2021 dated 29.07.2021.
- iv. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned Local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- v. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

IX. Transport

- i. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and to be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

X. Human health issues

- i. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Environment Management Plan (EMP)

- i. The project proponent should submit the proposed EMP on a six monthly basis. The Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020 should be strictly followed.
- ii. Need based activities for local people is part of the EMP. Details of such activities are submitted by the Project Proponent.

- iii. The project proponent shall install display board for display of all the environmental parameters including sensor-based air, water and noise quality monitoring stations within their premises.
- iv. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms /conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements /deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB as a part of six-monthly report.
- v. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of Senior Executive, who will directly report to the head of the organization.
- vi. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose.
- vii. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB along with the Six-Monthly Compliance Report.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i. The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 10 years for the proposed project.
- ii. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iv. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- v. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal with a copy to SEIAA and WBPCB.
- vi. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vii. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office of the MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- viii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- ix. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report and also that during their presentation to the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC).
- x. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the SEIAA.
- xi. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xii. The SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiii. The SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xiv. The Regional Office of the MoEF&CC/SEIAA/WBPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions.

The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) of the Regional Office of MoEF&CC / SEIAA/WBPCB by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.

- xv. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xvi. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

(4) Proposed Residential Complex 'Sampurna' at Holding No. – 76F/1, B. T. Road, Panihati Municipality Ward No. 6, Mouza – Agarpara, JL No 11, Dag No. 1074, 1075, 1079, 1081, 1082, 1086, 1087, 1088, 1089, PS – Khardah, Dist – North 24 Parganas, West Bengal by **M/s. Rituraj Construction LLP**.

Proposal no: **SIA/WB/INFRA2/407084/2022**, File no: **EN/T-II-1/074/2022** Type: **EC**

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/INFRA2/407084/2022** dated **19 November 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **8(a) Building / Construction** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended the proposed project for Environmental Clearance during its 72nd meeting held on 25.03.2023.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. Rituraj Construction LLP** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	North 24 Parganas

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and accepted the same.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The application for EC is approved based on the Building Permit vide Memo No. PM/P.W.D./Building Permit/2022-23/215 dated 04.04.2022 issued by the Panihati Municipality.

CONCLUSION

Approved for EC.

Conditions

I. Statutory compliance:

- i. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- ii. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes,

adequacy of firefighting equipment etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

- iii. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- vi. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi. The project proponent should strictly comply with the guidelines for High Rise Buildings, issued by MoEF, GoI vide No. 21-270/2008-IA.III dated 07.02.2012.
- xii. The project proponent shall comply with the EMP as proposed in terms of Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel is mandatory. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.
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- iii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash

Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.

- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- x. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
- xi. **Construction and demolition activities should be equipped with adequate dust emission measures including installation of anti-smog guns.**

VII. Water Body Conservation:-

- i. Existing water body (if any) should not be lined and their embankments should not be cemented. The water body is to be kept in natural conditions without disturbing the ecological habitat.

VIII. Green Cover

- i. The unit should strictly abide by The West Bengal Trees (Protection and Conservation in Non-Forest Areas) Act, 2006 and subsequent rules. The proponent should undertake plantation of trees over at least 20% of the total area.
- ii. No tree can be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- iii. In addition to 10 nos. existing trees, **122** nos. trees are to be planted and maintained by the project proponent. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The project proponent should follow plantation plan approved by DFO, 24-Parganas (North) Division vide Memo no. 3609/17-T-9 dated 22.02.2022.
- iv. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned Local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- v. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

IX. Transport

- i. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and to be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

X. Human health issues

- i. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Environment Management Plan (EMP)

- i. The project proponent should submit the proposed EMP on a six monthly basis. The Office Memorandum issued by the MoEF & CC vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30.09.2020 should be strictly followed.
- ii. Need based activities for local people is part of the EMP. Details of such activities are submitted by the Project Proponent.
- iii. The project proponent shall install display board for display of all the environmental parameters including sensor-based air, water and noise quality monitoring stations within their premises.
- iv. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms /conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements /deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB as a part of six-monthly report.
- v. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of Senior Executive, who will directly report to the head of the organization.
- vi. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose.
- vii. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB along with the Six-Monthly Compliance Report.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i. The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 10 years for the proposed project.
- ii. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iv. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- v. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal with a copy to SEIAA and WBPCB.
- vi. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the

concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.

- vii. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office of the MoEF&CC along with SEIAA and WBPCB, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- viii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- ix. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report and also that during their presentation to the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC).
- x. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the SEIAA.
- xi. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xii. The SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiii. The SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xiv. The Regional Office of the MoEF&CC/SEIAA/WBPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) of the Regional Office of MoEF&CC / SEIAA/WBPCB by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xv. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xvi. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

(5) Proposed expansion in Cement Production Capacity (1.25 MTPA to 3.0 MTPA) of Existing Stand-alone Grinding Unit with the installation of new Vertical Roller Mill (VRM) at Khatian No. 257, 341, 2103, JL No.038,039,026, Village – Kendua, PO – Srimantapur, PS – Farakka, Dist – Murshidabad, Pin – 742 212, West Bengal by M/s. Ambuja Cements Ltd., Unit – Farakka

Proposal no: **SIA/WB/IND/69475/2010**, File no: **EN/T-II-1/168/2021** Type: **EC**

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/IND/69475/2010** dated **10 November 2022** along with copies of EIA/EMP seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **3(b) Cement plants** under Category "**B1**" of EIA Notification 2006.

The PP had obtained Auto-Terms of References (TORs) issued by SEIAA, West Bengal vide File No. EN/T-II-1/168/2021 dated 22.12.2021.

SEAC recommended the proposed project for Environmental Clearance during its 74th meeting held on 12.04.2023.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. Ambuja Cements Ltd., Unit – Farakka** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Murshidabad

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and observed that the PP should submit the following in the PARIVESH Portal:-

- i. Certified Compliance Report (CCR) stating complete compliance as per the provisions laid down in MoEF&CC O.M. F No. IA3-22/10/2022-IA.III[E 177258] dated 08.06.2022.**
- ii. List of dag nos. (along with recorded land classification) constituting of the project area.**
- iii. Mouza map showing all the dag nos. of the project.**

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

Therefore, the application for EC is deferred for additional information.

CONCLUSION

Deferred (Additional Information).

(6) Proposed Chakmansur Sand Mine over an area of 1.10 ha (2.71 Acres) on River Kangshabati at Plot No: 193(P), J.L. No. - 617, Mouza: - Chakmansur, P.S.: - Keshpur, District: - Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by **Mr. Sitesh Dhara.**

Proposal no: SIA/WB/MIN/259432/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/301/2023 Type: EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no: **SIA/WB/MIN/259432/2022** dated **15 MAR 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 72nd meeting held on 25.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project as per the geo-coordinates mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Mr. Sitesh Dhara** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(7) Proposed Bishwanathpur - Patna Sand Mine over an area of 2.02 ha (4.99 Acres) on River Kangshabati at Plot No: 363(P), 362(P), 361(P), 360(P), 373(P), 364(P), 372(P) & 334(P), J.L. No. - 570, Mouza: - Bishwanathpur - Patna, P.S. - Keshpur, District: - Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by **Rampada Rudra**.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/259487/2022, File no: File No. : EN/T-II-1/291/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/259487/2022** dated **15 MAR 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 72nd meeting held on 25.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that some portion of the plot area for the proposed project as per the geo-coordinates mentioned in the approved Mining Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority.

Considering the above, the SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered. However, the PP may approach with revised and approved Mine Plan for the revised area with Progressive Mine Closure Plan, revised LoI from the Competent Authority and other mandatory documents mentioning that the project area falls completely within the potential zone of the approved DSR of Paschim Medinipur district.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Rampada Rudra** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(8) Proposed Nekramara Riverbed Sand Mine 4.70 ha (11.61 Acre) on Subranarekha River at J.L. No. 129, Plot No. 230 (P) & 231 (P), Mouza-Nekramara, P.S. Keshiary, Dist Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by M/s. Blueberry Nirman Private Limited.

Proposal No.:- SIA/WB/MIN/419992/2023, File no: File No. : EN/T-II-1/240/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/419992/2023** dated **26 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 70th meeting held on 15.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project as per the geo-coordinates mentioned in PFR falls outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. Blueberry Nirman Private Limited** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(9) Proposed Kirtansole Riverbed Sand Mine 5.00 ha (12.35 Acre) on Subarnarekha River at JL. No. – 77, Plot No – 511 (P), 538 (P), Mouza – Kirtansole, P.S. - Beliaberah, Dist. – Jhargram, West Bengal by M/S GREGO DRIVE PVT. LTD.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/419982/2023, File no: EN/T-II-1/233/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/419982/2023** dated **26 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at Sl. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 70th meeting held on 15.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project as per the geo-coordinates mentioned in the PFR falls outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report

(DSR) of Jhargram district. Also, the PP has not uploaded approved Mining Plan, valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. Moreover, the plot area is of 5 ha and should have been applied under ToR category. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/S GREEGO DRIVE PVT. LTD.** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Jhargram

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(10) Proposed Balia Riverbed Sand Mine 5.00 ha (12.35 Acre) on Subarnarekha River at J.L. No. 156, Plot No. 982 (P), 1283 (P), Mouza-Balia, P.S. Beliaberah, Dist. – Jhargram, West Bengal by M/S GREEGO DRIVE PVT. LTD.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/419975/2023, File no: EN/T-II-1/238/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/419975/2023** dated **26 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 70th meeting held on 15.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project as per the geo-coordinates mentioned in the PFR falls outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Jhargram district. Also, the PP has not uploaded approved Mining Plan, valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. Moreover, the plot area is of 5 ha and should have been applied under ToR category. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/S GREEGO DRIVE PVT. LTD.** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Jhargram

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(11) Proposed Simasimi Sand Mine (0.73 Ha/1.8 Acres) on Damodar River at J.L. No.- 65, Plot No.- 1450/P, 2013/P, Mouza-Simasimi, P.S. - Budbud, District- Purba Bardhaman, West Bengal by **M/s. RSMP Project Private Limited**.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/264259/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/166/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264259/2022** dated **23 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mining Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Purba Bardhaman district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. RSMP Project Private Limited** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Purba Bardhaman

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(12) Proposed Maheshpur Sand Mine (0.48 Hectares) on Kangshabati River at JL No. – 100, Plot No. -318(P), Mouza- Maheshpur, P.S. - Daspur, District- Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by **Anubha Poria**.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/261813/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/162/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/261813/2022** dated **23 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mining Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Anubha Poria** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(13) Proposed Katigram Sand Mining (1.25 Ha) on Dwarka River at JL No.-059, Plot No.- 1660 (P), Mauza- Katigram, Post: - Katigram, P.S. Mayureswar & Block – Mayureswar-I, District – Birbhum, West Bengal by M/s. Gee Dee Mining Pvt. Ltd.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/415072/2023, File no: EN/T-II-1/169/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/415072/2023** dated **09 FEB 2023** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mining Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Birbhum district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **M/s. Gee Dee Mining Pvt. Ltd.** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
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(1.)	West Bengal	Birbhum
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DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(14) Proposed Rahimanagar Sand Block KHA 1 (0.5 Hectare/1.2 Acres) on Dwarka River at J.L. No. 42, Plot No. 1624 (P), Village - Rahimanagar, Mouza – Rahimanagar, Block – Khargram, District – Murshidabad, West Bengal by Fazaruddin Mondal.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/265251/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/153/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/265251/2022** dated **31 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023 Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that a major portion of the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan does not fall within the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Murshidabad district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Fazaruddin Mondal** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Murshidabad

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(15) Proposed M M Tarai Part -D Sand Mine (3.22 Ha/7.953 Acres) on Balason River at J L No.- 77, Plot No. 223, Mouza- M M Tarai, P.S. – Naxalbari, Dist. – Darjeeling, West Bengal by Prem Mahato.

Proposal No. SIA/WB/MIN/265022/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/150/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/265022/2022** dated **31 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. It was observed that the plot area mentioned in the LoI and the approved Mine Plan is in a mismatch. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Darjeeling district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority.

The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Prem Mahato** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(16) Proposed Madan Part - III Sand Mine (2.5 Ha/6.175 Acres) on Mechi River at JL No. – 1, Plot No. – 170(P), Vill + Mouza – Madan, P.O. – Naxalbari, P.S.- Khoribari, Dist – Darjeeling, West Bengal by Bidyut Thakur.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/264996/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/156/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264996/2022** dated **31 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. This application for

EC was noted to be a duplicate one. An earlier application (Proposal No. SIA/WB/MIN/408497/2022) for the same project was considered in the 61st meeting of SEAC held on 04.01.2023. Moreover, the project proposal does not fall within the potential zone of the approved DSR of Darjeeling District. Considering the above, the SEAC recommended that the present proposal may be rejected.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bidyut Thakur** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(17) Proposed Mandilajhar Part-1 Sand Mine (1.1 Ha/2.717 Acres) on Chenga River at J L: 101, Plot No. - 1081, 1084, Vill + Mouza – Mandilajhar, P.O. + P.S. – Phansidewa, Dist – Darjeeling, West Bengal by **Bidyut Thakur.**

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264985/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/154/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264985/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. This application for EC was noted to be a duplicate one. An earlier application (Proposal No. SIA/WB/MIN/408474/2022) for the same project was considered in the 61st meeting of SEAC held on 04.01.2023. Moreover, the project proposal does not fall within the potential zone of the approved DSR of Darjeeling District. Considering the above, the SEAC recommended that the present proposal may be rejected.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bidyut Thakur** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(18) Proposed Gajiram Part-A Sand Mine (2.8 Ha/6.916 Acres) on Chenga River at J L No.- 60, Plot No. 51, 79 & 387, Mouza- Gajiram, P.S. – Naxalbari, Dist- Darjeeling, West Bengal by Bidyut Thakur.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/264946/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/151/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264946/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Darjeeling district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority
The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bidyut Thakur** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(19) Proposed Phd Ambar Sand Mine (1.49 Ha/3.68 Acres) on Chenga River at J L: 40, Plot No. - 88, 348 (P), 351 & 344, Vill + Mouza – Ambari, P.S. – Phansideowa, Dist - Darjeeling, West Bengal by Bidyut Thakur.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264906/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/144/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264906/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at SL. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. This application for EC was noted to be a duplicate one. An earlier application (Proposal No. SIA/WB/MIN/407688/2022) for the same project was considered in the 67th meeting of SEAC held on 22.02.2023. Also, the project proposal does not fall within the potential zone of the approved DSR of Darjeeling District. Considering the above, the SEAC recommended that the present proposal may be rejected.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bidyut Thakur** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(20) Proposed Beloa Sand Mine (1.21 Hectare/3.00 Acres) on River Damodar at Plot No: 350 (P), J.L. No.-108, Mouza: Beloa, P.S. Sonamukhi, District: Bankura, West Bengal by **Bapi Kandar.**

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264697/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/160/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264697/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Bankura district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority.

The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bapi Kandar** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Bankura

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(21) Proposed Kapashtikri Sand Mine (0.87 Hectare/2.15 Acres) on River Kangshabati at J.L. No.-530, Plot No.795(p), Mouza – Kapashtikri, P.S.-Keshpur, Dist –Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by Pradyut Ghosh.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264740/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/152/2023, Type- EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264740/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Pradyut Ghosh** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(22) Proposed MM Tarai Part B Sand Mine (1.89 Hectare) on Balason River at J L No.- 77, Plot No. 223, Vill + Mouza- M M Tarai, P.O. + P.S. – Naxalbari, Dist. – Darjeeling, West Bengal by **Sanjay Goyal**.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264837/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/145/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264837/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Darjeeling district. Also, the PP has not uploaded approved Mining Plan, valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Sanjay Goyal** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Darjeeling

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(23) Proposed River Bed Sand Mine (0.80 Ha/1.98 Acres) on Bansloi River at JL.No.-20, Plot No: 928(P), Mouza- Lakshminarayanpur, P.S-Murarai, Dist- Birbhum, West Bengal by **Pawan Arora**.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264846/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/148/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no **SIA/WB/MIN/264846/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking

environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. The accredited consultant appearing for the presentation along with the PP is M/s. RSP Green Development & Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. However, all the documents uploaded in the portal are in the name of M/s. Ambiental Global Private Limited which is also a NABET accredited consultant. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Birbhum district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Pawan Arora** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Birbhum

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(24) Proposed Paikpari Sand Mine (1.05 Hectare/2.59 Acres) on River Kangshabati at Plot No.127(P), 148(p) & 537(p), J.L. No.-261, Mouza –Paikpari, P.S.-Debra, Dist –Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by Arijit De.

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/264720/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/147/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264720/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.03.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority.

The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Arijit De** located in as follows :

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(25) Proposed Kanki Sand Mine (0.90 Hectare/2.24 Acres) on River Dwarkeswar at J.L. No.-150, Plot No.693(p), Mouza – Kanki, P.S.- Chhatna, Dist –Bankura, West Bengal by **Bani De.**

Proposal No. :- SIA/WB/MIN/264790/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/143/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no. **SIA/WB/MIN/264790/2022** dated **30 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that a minor portion of the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mining Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan is outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Bankura district. Also, the PP has not uploaded cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered in the present form. However, the PP may approach with revised and approved Mine Plan with Progressive Mine Closure Plan as per the revised area, revised LoI from the Competent Authority and other mandatory documents mentioning that the project area falls completely within the potential zone of the approved DSR of Bankura district.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Bani De** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Bankura

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.

(26) Proposed Jaganathpur Sand Mine (0.20 Hectare/0.50 Acres) on River Kangshabati at J.L. No.-39, Plot No.753(p), Mouza – Jaganathpur, P.S.-Debra, Dist –Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal by **Sekh Hossain**.

Proposal No.: - SIA/WB/MIN/264666/2022, File no: EN/T-II-1/161/2023, Type-EC

INTRODUCTION

The proponent made online application vide proposal no **SIA/WB/MIN/264666/2022** dated **29 MAR 2022** seeking environment clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the above-mentioned project. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. **1(a) Mining of minerals** projects under Category "**B2**" of EIA Notification, 2006.

SEAC recommended for rejection of the proposed project during its 69th meeting held on 11.3.2023. Based on the submission and presentation made by the PP, the SEAC observed that the plot area for the proposed project (as per the geo-coordinates) mentioned in the approved Mine Plan & Progressive Mine Closure Plan falls totally outside the potential mining zone recorded in the approved District Survey Report (DSR) of Paschim Medinipur district. Also, the PP has not uploaded valid LoI and cluster certificate from the competent authority. The SEAC, therefore, decided that the proposed project cannot be considered.

PROJECT DETAILS

The project of **Sekh Hossain** located in as follows:

S. No.	State	District
(1.)	West Bengal	Paschim Medinipur

DELIBERATION IN SEIAA

SEIAA considered the recommendation of SEAC and rejected the proposal.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF SEIAA

The EC application is rejected.

CONCLUSION

Rejected.